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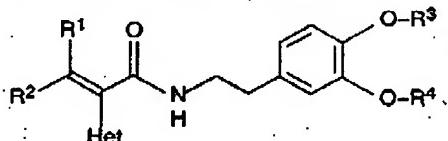
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## APPENDIX I:

CLAIM AMENDMENTS:

Amend Claims 1, 2 and 7 to 10, and enter new Claims 13 to 18, as indicated in the following listing of the claims:

1. (currently amended) Phenethylacrylamides of the formula I



in which the substituents R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> have the following meanings:

R<sup>1</sup> is halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>-cycloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkoxy or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkyl;

R<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen;

R<sup>3</sup> is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkyl, propargyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkenyl or -H<sub>2</sub>C-C≡C-C(R<sup>a</sup>,R<sup>b</sup>)-R<sup>c</sup>, where R<sup>a</sup>, R<sup>b</sup> independently of one another are hydrogen or methyl and R<sup>c</sup> is hydrogen or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl;

R<sup>4</sup> is methyl or C<sub>1</sub>-haloalkyl; and

Het is a 5- or 6-membered heteroaromatic ring which may contain a fused 5- or 6-membered carbocycle and which is selected from among heteroaromatic rings containing 1, 2, 3 or 4 nitrogen atoms as ring members, heteroaromatic rings which contain 1 or 2 nitrogen atoms and 1 or 2 further heteroatoms selected from among oxygen or sulfur as ring members, and heteroaromatic rings which have 1 or 2 heteroatoms selected from among oxygen and sulfur as ring members, Het being unsubstituted or it being possible for Het to contain 1, 2 or 3 substituents selected from among halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkyl and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy.

2. (currently amended) A phenethylacrylamide of the formula I as claimed in claim 1, wherein R<sup>1</sup> is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-cycloalkyl, in particular ethyl, isopropyl, tert butyl or cyclopropyl.
3. (previously presented) A phenethylacrylamide of the formula I as claimed in claim 1, wherein Het is selected from among pyridyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrazinyl, pyrrolyl, thienvyl, furanyl, pyrazolyl, imidazolyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, thiazolyl and isothiazolyl.

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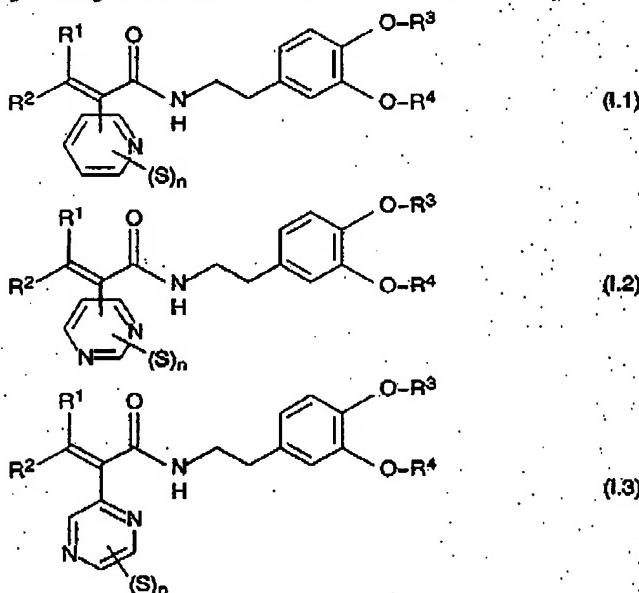
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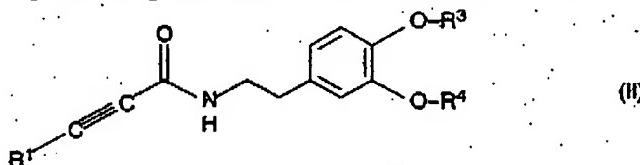
4. (previously presented) A phenethylacrylamide of the formula I as claimed in claim 1, wherein Het contains one or two substituents S which are bonded to those ring atoms which are not adjacent to the linkage site forming the double bond:
5. (original) A phenethylacrylamide of the formulae I.1, I.2 and I.3



in which the substituents S, R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> have the abovementioned meanings and n is 1 or 2, and S is not bonded in the ortho position relative to the linkage site.

6. (previously presented) A process for the preparation of a phenethylacrylamide of the formula I as claimed in claim 1, wherein R<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen and R<sup>1</sup> is hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-cycloalkyl or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkyl, and Het, R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> have the abovementioned meanings, comprising the following steps:

- a) reaction of a phenethylamide of the formula II,

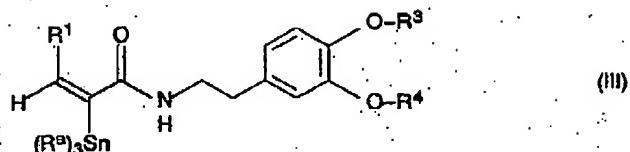


in which the substituents R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> have the abovementioned meanings, with a trialkylstannane (R<sup>a</sup>)<sub>3</sub>SnH, wherein R<sup>a</sup> is alkyl resulting in a compound of the formula III

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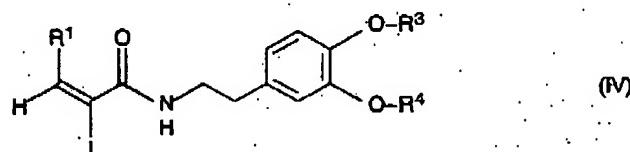


wherein the substituents  $\text{R}^3$ ,  $\text{R}^1$ ,  $\text{R}^3$  and  $\text{R}^4$  have the abovementioned meanings, and

- b) reaction of the compound III obtained in step a) with a compound Het-Hal, wherein Hal is bromine or iodine and Het has the meaning given in claim 1, in the presence of catalytically active amounts of a transition metal compound of a group VIII metal;

or

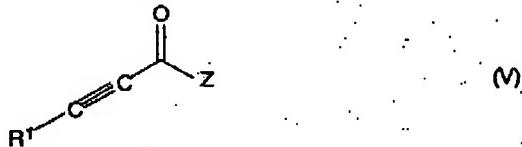
- a') reaction of a compound of the formula II with at least stoichiometric amounts of iodine, resulting in a compound of the formula IV



wherein the substituents  $\text{R}^1$ ,  $\text{R}^3$  and  $\text{R}^4$  have the abovementioned meanings, and

- b') reaction of the compound IV obtained in step a') with a stanane of the formula  $(\text{R}^3)_3\text{Sn}-\text{Het}$ , wherein Het has the meaning stated in claim 1, in the presence of catalytically active amounts of a transition metal compound of a group VIII metal.

7. (currently amended) A process as claimed in claim 6, additionally comprising the preparation of the phenethylamide of the formula II, wherein a propiolic acid compound of the formula V



wherein  $\text{R}'$  has the abovementioned meaning is hydrogen,  $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$ -alkyl,  $\text{C}_3\text{-C}_8$ -cycloalkyl or  $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$ -haloalkyl, and  $\text{Z}$  is halogen or OH, is reacted in a manner known per se with a phenethylamine of the general formula VI

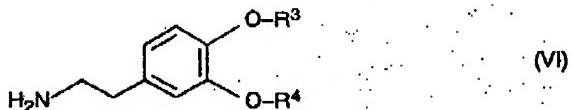
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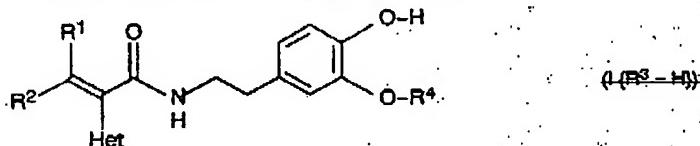
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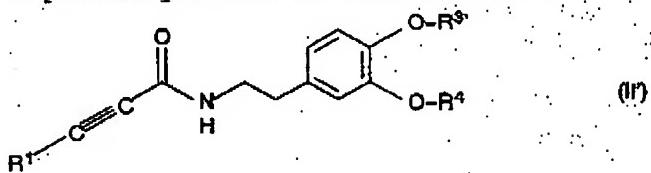
wherein R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> have the abovementioned meanings.

8. (currently amended) A process for the preparation of a phenethylacrylamide as claimed in claim 1 of the formula I, wherein a phenethylacrylamide of the formula I where R<sup>3</sup> = H+



wherein Het, R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> have the abovementioned meanings, is reacted with a compound of the formula R<sup>3</sup>-Y, wherein R<sup>3</sup> has the abovementioned meaning and Y is a nucleophilically displaceable leaving group.

9. (currently amended) A phenethylamide of the formula II'



wherein the substituents

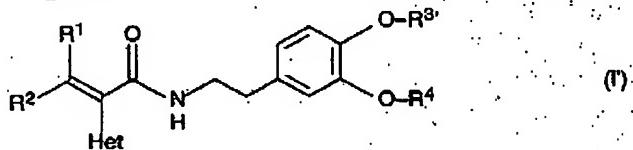
R<sup>1</sup> is halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>-cycloalkyl, or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkyl; and

R<sup>4</sup> is methyl or C<sub>1</sub>-haloalkyl; and

have the abovementioned meanings;

R<sup>3</sup> has the meanings stated for R<sup>1</sup> is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkyl, propargyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkenyl or -H<sub>2</sub>C-C≡C-C(R<sup>a</sup>,R<sup>b</sup>)-R<sup>c</sup>, where R<sup>a</sup>, R<sup>b</sup> independently of one another are hydrogen or methyl and R<sup>c</sup> is hydrogen or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl; or R<sup>3</sup> is hydrogen or an OH protecting group.

10. (currently amended) A phenethylacrylamide of the formula I':



wherein Het, R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> have the abovementioned meanings

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R<sup>1</sup> is halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>-cycloalkyl, or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkyl;

R<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen;

R<sup>4</sup> is methyl or C<sub>1</sub>-haloalkyl;

Het is a 5- or 6-membered heteroaromatic ring which may contain a fused 5- or 6-membered carbocycle and which is selected from among heteroaromatic rings containing 1, 2, 3 or 4 nitrogen atoms as ring members, heteroaromatic rings which contain 1 or 2 nitrogen atoms and 1 or 2 further heteroatoms selected from among oxygen or sulfur as ring members, and heteroaromatic rings which have 1 or 2 heteroatoms selected from among oxygen and sulfur as ring members, Het being unsubstituted or it being possible for Het to contain 1, 2 or 3 substituents S selected from among halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkyl and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy; and

R<sup>3</sup> is hydrogen or an OH protecting group.

11. (previously presented) A composition for controlling phytopathogenic harmful fungi comprising a solid or liquid carrier and a compound of the formula I as claimed in claim 1.
12. (previously presented) A method of controlling phytopathogenic harmful fungi, which comprises treating the fungi or the materials, plants, the soil or seed to be protected from fungal infection with an effective amount of a compound of the formula I as claimed in claim 1.
13. (new) The phenethylacrylamide of the formula I as claimed in claim 1, wherein R<sup>1</sup> is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>-cycloalkyl, or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkyl.
14. (new) A phenethylacrylamide as claimed in claim 2, wherein R<sup>1</sup> is ethyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl or cyclopropyl.
15. (new) The process of claim 6, wherein R<sup>1</sup> is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>-cycloalkyl, or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkyl.
16. (new) The process of claim 7, wherein R<sup>1</sup> is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>-cycloalkyl, or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkyl.
17. (new) The phenethylamide of the formula II' as claimed in claim 9, wherein  
R<sup>1</sup> is halogen; or

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 $R^4$  is  $C_1$ -haloalkyl; or $R^3$  is  $C_3$ - $C_4$ -alkenyl or an OH protecting group.

18. (new) The phenethylacrylamide of the formula I' as claimed in claim 10, wherein  $R^1$  is  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$ -cycloalkyl, or  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -haloalkyl.

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